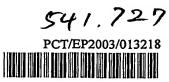
9-6-05

## PATENT COOPERATION TREATY





# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference P800067/WO/1	FOR FURTHER ACTION	RACTION See Notification of Transmittal of Internation Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416					
International application No.	International filing date (day/n		Priority date (day/month/year)				
PCT/EP2003/013218	25 November 2003 (25)	.11.2003)	10 January 2003 (10.01.2003)				
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC E05B 65/20							
Applicant DAIMLERCHRYSLER AG							
<ol> <li>This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.</li> </ol>							
2. This REPORT consists of a total of	2. This REPORT consists of a total of6 sheets, including this cover sheet.						
This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).							
These annexes consist of a total of sheets.							
3. This report contains indications relati	3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:						
I Basis of the report	I Basis of the report						
II Priority	II Priority						
III Non-establishment of	III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability						
IV Lack of unity of inve	IV Lack of unity of invention						
V Reasoned statement to citations and explana	V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;						
VI Certain documents ci	ted						
VII Certain defects in the	international application						
VIII Certain observations on the international application							
Date of submission of the demand  Date of completion of this report							
29 July 2004 (29.07.2004)		20 April 2005 (20.04.2005)					
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/EP		Authorized officer					
Facsimile No.		Telephone No.					

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (July 1998)

Translation

### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

# PCT/EP2003/013218

<b>I.</b> )	Basis	of the re	report	
1.	With	regard to	to the elements of the international application:*	
		the inte	ternational application as originally filed	
	$\boxtimes$	the des	escription:	
		pages	•	lly filed
		pages	, filed with the	demand
		pages		
	$\boxtimes$	the cla		
	<b>V</b>	pages		lly filed
		pages		
		pages		
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	$\boxtimes$	the dra	awings:	
	<u></u>	pages		ally filed
		pages		
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	$\Box_{t}$	he seals	nence listing part of the description:	
	·	pages	•	<b>,</b>
		pages	, as origina	
		pages	, med with the	
_	~~ ** <u>*</u> L			
2.	tne in	iternatio	to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language anal application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.  Into were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language	
			nguage of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).	VIIICII 13.
			nguage of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).	
			nguage of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule 5	5.2 and/
3.	With	regard minary e	I to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the interexamination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:	national
	Щ	contair	ined in the international application in written form.	
			ogether with the international application in computer readable form.	
			hed subsequently to this Authority in written form.	
			hed subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.	
		interna	statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure ational application as filed has been furnished.	
		The sta	statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence list furnished.	ting has
4.		The an	mendments have resulted in the cancellation of:	
			the description, pages	
			the claims, Nos.	}
		1 1	the drawings, sheets/fig	
5.		This rep	eport has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**	ed to go
	Repla	icement s is report	sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are ref rt as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rul	erred to e 70.16
**.	Any re	eplacem	nent sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.	

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

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V.	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1.	Statement			
	Novelty (N)	Claims	1-7	YES
		Claims		NO
	Inventive step (IS)	Claims		YES
		Claims	1-7	NO
	Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-7	YES
		Claims		NO

2. Citations and explanations

This report makes reference to the following document:

D1: EP-A-1 235 190 (KIEKERT AG) 28 August 2002 (2002-08-28)

#### 1. PCT Article 6

The application fails to meet the requirements of PCT Article 6 because claim 1 is not clear. There is no claimed technical relationship between the unlocking sensor and the identification sensor. The steps for unlocking the vehicle door are not clear.

In particular, it is not clear from the description that the door is unlocked only when there is a positive result from the identification code query, although, in claim 1, the vehicle is unlocked only as a result of activation of the unlocking sensor. The role of the identification sensor in the unlocking process is unclear.

As claimed, the subject matter of claim 1 is a series of known features (an unlocking sensor and an identification sensor are generally known) which do not appear to influence one another.

The result of this lack of clarity is that the

subject matter of claim 1, owing to the present wording, cannot be regarded as inventive (PCT Article 33(3)) because it merely describes a combination of known features, with no functional interaction.

The applicant is therefore requested to reword claim 1 in order to make the logical relationship between the unlocking sensor and the identification sensor apparent in claim 1.

#### 2. PCT Article 33(3)

Even if the claim would be clarified as described in point 1, it appears that the claim still would not involve an inventive step within the meaning of PCT Article 33(3), and the requirements of PCT Article 33(1) therefore would not be met.

D1 is considered to be the prior art closest to the subject matter of claim 1. D1 discloses a device for locking and unlocking a vehicle door with a door handle attached to the outside thereof (see, for example, figure 4), the vehicle door being protected by an electronic access authorization system and a sensor being provided on the door-side inner area of the door handle (see figure 4, reference sign 3a), with which sensor an identification code query can be started, when a hand approaches, by the access authorization system and with which sensor additionally the door lock is electrically opened (i.e. the door is unlocked) when the hand, after it has approached, touches the sensor (see paragraph [0040]).

Thus the sensor of D1 carries out two different,

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temporally independent functions.

The subject matter of claim 1 differs from the teaching of D1 in that two different sensors are used to carry out the two functions of the sensor of D1, namely starting the identification code query and unlocking the door.

Proceeding from D1, a person skilled in the art would consider the use of two sensors as an obvious structural alternative for carrying out the two functions. Dependent claim 6 confirms that the two functionalities in one or two sensors are obvious alternatives.

The subject matter of claim 1 therefore does not involve an inventive step (PCT Article 33(3)).

#### 3. Dependent claims

The features of the dependent claims are known or obvious from other documents cited in the search report, and a person skilled in the art would use these features, with their known advantages, according to the circumstances in the detection device of D1 in order to solve the stated problem. The subject matter of the dependent claims therefore does not involve an inventive step (PCT Article 33(3)).

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